

SYMBIOSIS INTERNATIONAL (DEEMED UNIVERSITY)
Ph D ENTRANCE TEST

The Syllabus of Law

1. Constitutional Law of India
 - Preamble & Features of the Constitution
 - Fundamental Rights and Duties
 - Directive Principles of State Policy
 - Judiciary
 - Executive
 - Legislative Relations between Union and State
 - Emergency Provisions
 - Amendment to the Constitution
 - Writ Jurisdiction
 - Distribution of powers between the Centre and the State
 - Parliament and State Legislatures
 - Role of Election Commission

2. Administrative Law:
 - Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law
 - Principles of Natural Justice
 - Administrative Discretion and its control
 - Judicial Review of Administrative Action
 - Lokpal and Lokayukta

3. Legal Theory
 - Nature and Sources of Law
 - Concepts: Right, Duty, Ownership, Possession and Person
 - Theories including Positivism, Natural Law, Social Engineering
 - Theories of Punishment
 - Judicial Process including application of Doctrine of Precedent in India
 - Role of Judiciary in bringing Social Change
 - Law and Morality

4. Public International Law
 - Nature, scope, and sources of International Law
 - Relationship with Municipal Law
 - Recognition of State and Governments
 - United Nations and its Organs
 - Settlement of International Disputes
 - Human Rights
 - Concept of Sovereignty and its relevance today
 - Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and status of Refugees
 - International Court of Justice

- World Trade Organization – Global Trade Regime
- International Trade Law

5. Family Law:

- Sources of Family Law in India
- Concepts in Family Law
- Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage
- Divorce
- Maintenance
- Matrimonial Remedies
- Adoption and Guardianship
- Uniform Civil Code

6. Law of Contracts - General Principles and Special Contracts

- Essentials of a Valid Contract
- Offer, Acceptance and Consideration
- Capacity to Contract
- Elements vitiating Contract – Mistake, Fraud, Misrepresentation, Public Policy, Coercion, Undue Influence, Frustration of Contract
- Remedies for Breach of Contract
- Partnership Act – Nature and Essentials, Mutual Rights and Liabilities, Advantages of Registration of Firms
- Sales of Goods Act
- Negotiable Instruments Act

7. Company Law

- Incorporation of companies, basic documents
- Doctrines of Indoor Management, constructive notice, Ultra Vires
- Shares and Debentures
- Directors
- Meetings
- Oppression and Mismanagement
- Winding up
- Mergers and Amalgamation

8. Law of Torts:

- Nature and Definition of Torts
- Foundation of Tortious Liability
- General Defences to an Action of Torts
- Vicarious, Absolute and Strict Liability
- Contributory Negligence
- Damages
- Specific Torts – Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation
- Consumer Protection – Consumer Rights and Mechanism for Redressal of Consumer Grievances

9. Law of Crimes

- Nature, meaning , definition and essentials of Offence
- General Exceptions
- Common Intention and Common Object
- Criminal Attempt, Conspiracy, Joint Liability and Abetment
- Offences against Women
- Offences against Human Body
- Offences against Property
- Defamation

10. Labour Law

- Concepts – Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman
- Trade Unions – Rights and Immunities of Registered Trade Union; Registration and its advantages
- Methods of settlement of Industrial Disputes under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- Strike and Lock-out as Instruments of Collective Bargaining
- Retrenchment, Lay-Off and Closures

11. Environmental Law:

- Environmental Pollution – Meaning of Environment and Environmental Pollution; Kinds of Pollution
- Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India – Air and Water Pollution and General Protection of Environment
- International Development for Protection of Environmental Pollution
- Remedies for Environmental Protection – Civil, Criminal and Constitutional
- Impact of Forest and Wildlife in protecting environment
- Environmental Impact Assessment and Control of Hazardous Wastes

12. Human Rights

- Concept and Development of Human Rights
- Contribution of United Nations in the development and implementation of Human Rights
- Implementation of Human Rights in India – Role of NHRC
- Protection of Marginalized Groups – Women, Children, Minorities and Refugees

13. Emerging Laws

- Media Law
- Cyber Law
- Intellectual Property Law
- Energy Law